

# Z pole Butterworth Filter

$$\omega_0 = 1575.42 \text{ MHz} \cdot 2\pi$$

$$w = 6\%$$

$$Z_0 = 50 \Omega$$

N	g1	g2	g3
1	2.0000	1.0000	
2	1.4142	1.4142	1.0000

## Step 1:

We will start with a shunt capacitor.

$C = 1.4141$  will get transformed to a parallel LC

such that  $L_1 = \frac{w R_0}{\omega_0 C} = \frac{0.06(50)}{1.4142 \omega_0} = 214.3059351589 \text{ pF}$

and  $C_1 = \frac{C}{\omega_0 w R_0} = \frac{1.4142}{\omega_0 0.06(50)} = 47.6226277269 \text{ pF}$

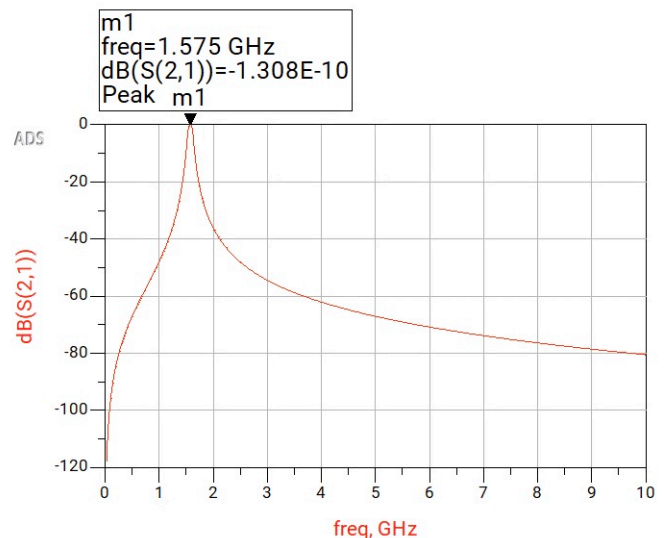
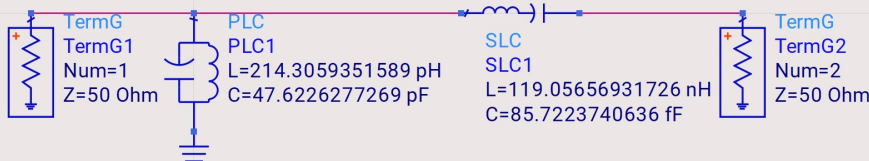
$L = 1.4141$  will get transformed to a series LC

such that  $L_2 = \frac{L R_0}{\omega_0 w} = \frac{50(1.4142)}{0.06 \omega_0} = 119.05656931726 \text{ nH}$

and  $C_2 = \frac{w}{\omega_0 R_0 L} = \frac{0.06}{\omega_0 50(1.4142)} = 85.7223740636 \text{ fF}$

### S-PARAMETERS

S\_Param  
SP1  
Start=30 MHz  
Stop=10.0 GHz  
Step=



Step 2:

The 4 port matrix is just a more general case of the 2 port matrix, lets use the values from the 4 port matrix.

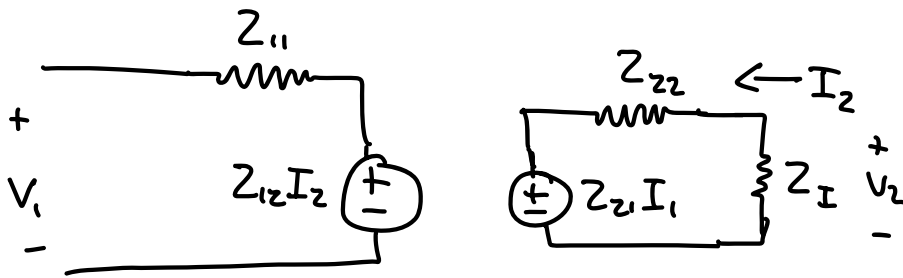
Our 2 port matrix will look like so:

$$Z = \begin{bmatrix} Z_{11} & Z_{12} \\ Z_{21} & Z_{22} \end{bmatrix} \text{ where } Z_{11} = Z_{22} = -\frac{1}{2} (Z_{0E} + Z_{0O}) \cot \theta$$

$$Z_{12} = Z_{21} = -\frac{1}{2} (Z_{0E} - Z_{0O}) \csc \theta$$

(port 2 of this corresponds to port 3 of the 4 port)

Step 3:



$$V_1 = I_1 Z_{11} + I_2 Z_{12} \Rightarrow \frac{V_1}{I_1} = Z_{11} + \frac{I_2 Z_{12}}{I_1}$$

it's actually

$$I_2 = \frac{V_2}{Z_I}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_1}{I_1} = Z_{11} + \frac{V_2 Z_{12}}{Z_I I_1} = Z_{11} + \frac{Z_{12}^2}{Z_I}$$

$$\text{so } Z_{in} = Z_{11} + \frac{Z_{12}^2}{Z_I}$$

$$\text{and } Z_{in} = Z_I \text{ so } Z_I = Z_{11} + \frac{Z_{12}^2}{Z_I}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{so } Z_I &= -\frac{1}{2} (Z_{0E} + Z_{0O}) \cot \theta + \frac{1}{Z_I} \left( -\frac{1}{2} (Z_{0E} - Z_{0O}) \csc \theta \right)^2 \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} (Z_{0E} + Z_{0O}) \cot 90^\circ + \frac{1}{Z_I} \left( \frac{1}{4} (Z_{0E} - Z_{0O})^2 \csc^2 \theta \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$Z_I = \frac{1}{Z_I} \cdot \frac{1}{4} (Z_{0E} - Z_{0O})^2 \csc^2 \theta$$

$$Z_I^2 = -\frac{1}{4} (Z_{0E} - Z_{0O})^2 \csc^2 \theta$$

$$Z_I = \frac{1}{2} (Z_{0E} - Z_{0O}) \csc \theta$$

$$Z_I = \frac{1}{2} (Z_{0E} - Z_{0O})$$

Step 4:

ABCD parameters can be chained together with matrix multiplication.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & i Z_0 \sin \theta \\ i Y_0 \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -\frac{i}{j} \\ -i & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & i Z_0 \sin \theta \\ i Y_0 \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & i Z_0 \sin \theta \\ i Y_0 \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sin \theta}{Z_0 j} & -\frac{i \cos \theta}{j} \\ -i j \cos \theta & j Z_0 \sin \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta}{Z_0 j} + j Z_0 \sin \theta \cos \theta & \frac{-i \cos^2 \theta}{j} + i j Z_0^2 \sin^2 \theta \\ \frac{i \sin^2 \theta}{j Z_0^2} - i j \cos^2 \theta & \frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta}{j Z_0} + j Z_0 \sin \theta \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_I = \sqrt{\frac{R}{C}} = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{-i \cos^2 \theta}{j} + i j Z_0^2 \sin^2 \theta}{\frac{i \sin^2 \theta}{j Z_0^2} - i j \cos^2 \theta}} = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{-\cos^2 \theta}{j} + j Z_0^2 \sin^2 \theta}{\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{j Z_0^2} - j \cos^2 \theta}}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{0 + j2_0^2}{\frac{1}{j2_0^2} - 0}} = \sqrt{j^2 Z_0^4} = jZ_0^2 = Z_I$$

$$\text{and so } Z_I = \frac{1}{2}(Z_{0o} - Z_{0e}) = jZ_0^2$$

Step 5:

For the coupled line, if the output is open circuited,

$$\text{then } Z_{in} = Z_{11}. \quad Z_{in} = \frac{I_1 Z_{11} + I_2 Z_{12}}{I_1} \quad \text{but open circuit output}$$

$$\text{so } I_2 = 0 \text{ so } Z_{in} = Z_{11} = -\frac{j}{2}(Z_{0e} + Z_{0o}) \cot \theta$$

For the inverter based design,

$$Z_{in} = \frac{A + \frac{B}{Z_L}}{C + \frac{D}{Z_L}} \quad \text{output is open circuit so } Z_L = \infty \text{ so } Z_{in} = \frac{A}{C}$$

$$= \frac{\frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta}{Z_0 j} + jZ_0 \sin \theta \cos \theta}{\frac{j \sin^2 \theta}{jZ_0^2} - j \cos^2 \theta} = \frac{j \left( \frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta}{Z_0 j} + jZ_0 \sin \theta \cos \theta \right)}{-\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{jZ_0^2} + j \cos^2 \theta}$$

Setting our two  $Z_{in}$  equal,

$$-\frac{j}{2}(Z_{0e} + Z_{0o}) \cot \theta = \frac{j \left( \frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta}{Z_0 j} + jZ_0 \sin \theta \cos \theta \right)}{-\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{jZ_0^2} + j \cos^2 \theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(Z_{0e} + Z_{0o}) \cot \theta = -\frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta \left( \frac{1}{Z_0 j} + jZ_0 \right)}{-\frac{\sin^2 \theta}{jZ_0^2} + j \cos^2 \theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(Z_{0E} + Z_{0O}) = -\frac{\sin\theta\cos\theta(\frac{1}{Z_0j} + jZ_0)}{-\frac{\sin^2\theta}{jZ_0^2} + j\cos^2\theta} \cdot \frac{\sin\theta}{\cos\theta} = -\frac{\sin^2\theta(\frac{1}{Z_0j} + jZ_0)}{-\frac{\sin^2\theta}{jZ_0^2} + j\cos^2\theta}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(Z_{0E} + Z_{0O}) = \frac{-\frac{1}{Z_0j} - jZ_0}{-\frac{1}{jZ_0^2} + 0} = \frac{\frac{1}{Z_0j}}{\frac{1}{jZ_0^2}} + \frac{jZ_0}{\frac{1}{jZ_0^2}} = \frac{jZ_0^2}{Z_0j} + j^2Z_0^3$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2}(Z_{0E} + Z_{0O}) = Z_0 + j^2Z_0^3$$

So, now we have two equations:

$$\frac{1}{2}(Z_{0E} + Z_{0O}) = Z_0(1 + j^2Z_0^2)$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(Z_{0E} - Z_{0O}) = jZ_0^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2}Z_{0E} + \frac{1}{2}Z_{0O} = Z_0(1 + j^2Z_0^2)$$

$$\frac{1}{2}Z_{0E} - \frac{1}{2}Z_{0O} = jZ_0^2$$

---


$$Z_{0E} + 0 = jZ_0^2 + Z_0 + Z_0j^2Z_0^2 = Z_0(1 + j + (jZ_0)^2)$$

$$\text{so } Z_{0E} = Z_0(1 + j + (jZ_0)^2)$$

$$\frac{1}{2}Z_{0E} + \frac{1}{2}Z_{0O} = Z_0(1 + j^2Z_0^2)$$

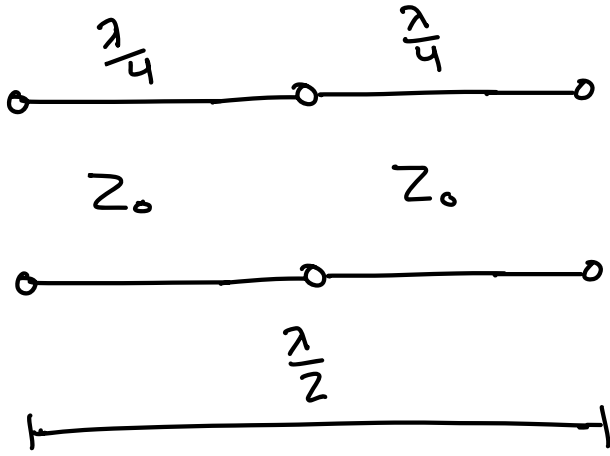
$$-\frac{1}{2}Z_{0E} + \frac{1}{2}Z_{0O} = -jZ_0^2$$

---


$$Z_{0O} = -jZ_0^2 + Z_0 + Z_0j^2Z_0^2 = Z_0(1 - jZ_0 + (jZ_0)^2)$$

$$\text{so } Z_{0O} = Z_0(1 - jZ_0 + (jZ_0)^2)$$

Step 6:



$$Z_{in} = Z_0 \frac{Z_L + jZ_0 \tan 2\theta}{Z_0 + jZ_L \tan 2\theta}$$

$$= Z_0 \frac{\frac{Z_L}{Z_0} + j \frac{Z_0}{Z_0} \tan 2\theta}{\frac{Z_0}{Z_0} + j \frac{Z_L}{Z_0} \tan 2\theta}$$

$$= Z_0 \frac{1}{j \tan 2\theta}$$

$$Y_{in} = \frac{1}{Z_{in}} = \frac{j \tan 2\theta}{Z_0} = j Y_0 \tan 2\theta$$

$$= j Y_0 \tan \pi = 0 =$$

$$Y_{in} = 0$$

$$\beta = Y_0 \tan\left(\frac{\omega}{v} l\right)$$

$$\frac{dB(\omega)}{d\omega} = Y_0 \sec^2\left(\frac{\omega}{v} l\right) \frac{l}{v}$$

$$@ \omega = \omega_0 \quad \beta l = \frac{\omega_0}{v} l = \frac{\omega_0}{v} \frac{\lambda}{2} = \pi$$

$$\left. \frac{dB(\omega)}{d\omega} \right|_{\omega=\omega_0} = Y_0 \sec^2(\pi) \frac{l}{v} = Y_0 \sec^2(\pi) \frac{\lambda}{2v}$$

$$= Y_0 \frac{\lambda}{2v} = Y_0 \frac{2\pi v}{\omega_0} \cdot \frac{1}{2v} = Y_0 \frac{\pi}{\omega_0}$$

$$\text{so } \left. \frac{dB(\omega)}{d\omega} \right|_{\omega=\omega_0} = Y_0 \frac{\pi}{\omega_0}$$

$$\text{and } C_{eff} = \frac{1}{2} \left. \frac{dB(\omega)}{d\omega} \right|_{\omega=\omega_0} = \boxed{Y_0 \frac{\pi}{2\omega_0} = C_{eff}}$$

$$\boxed{L_p = \frac{1}{\omega_0^2 C_{eff}}}$$

Step 7:

Assuming  $Y_0 = G_L = G_S$

$$J_{0,1} = \sqrt{\frac{C_{eff} \omega_0 W G_S}{g_0 g_1}} = \sqrt{\frac{C_{eff} \omega_0 W Y_0}{g_0 g_1}} = \sqrt{\frac{\frac{\pi}{2\omega_0} \omega_0 W Y_0^2}{g_0 g_1}}$$

$$= Y_0 \sqrt{\frac{\pi W}{2g_0 g_1}} \quad \text{so } J_{0,1} = \frac{1}{Z_0} \sqrt{\frac{\pi W}{2g_0 g_1}} \Rightarrow \boxed{Z_0 J_{0,1} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi W}{2g_0 g_1}}}$$

$$J_{i,i+1} = \omega_0 W \sqrt{\frac{C_i' C_{i+1}'}{g_i g_{i+1}}} \quad \text{but using same } C_{\text{eff}} \text{ for } i \& i+1$$

$$J_{i,i+1} = \omega_0 W \sqrt{\frac{C_{\text{eff}}^2}{g_i g_{i+1}}} = \omega_0 W C_{\text{eff}} \sqrt{\frac{1}{g_i g_{i+1}}} = \omega_0 W Y_0 \frac{\pi}{2\omega_0} \sqrt{\frac{1}{g_i g_{i+1}}}$$

$$= \frac{W\pi}{Z_0} \sqrt{\frac{1}{g_i g_{i+1}}} \quad \text{so } J_{i,i+1} = \frac{W\pi}{Z_0} \sqrt{\frac{1}{g_i g_{i+1}}} \Rightarrow \boxed{Z_0 J_{i,i+1} = \pi W \sqrt{\frac{1}{g_i g_{i+1}}}}$$

$$J_{n,n+1} = \sqrt{\frac{C_n' \omega_0 W G_L}{g_n g_{n+1}}} = \sqrt{\frac{C_{\text{eff}} \omega_0 W Y_0}{g_n g_{n+1}}} = \sqrt{\frac{Y_0^2 \frac{\pi}{2\omega_0} \omega_0 W}{g_n g_{n+1}}}$$

$$= Y_0 \sqrt{\frac{\pi W}{2g_n g_{n+1}}} = \frac{1}{Z_0} \sqrt{\frac{\pi W}{2g_n g_{n+1}}} = J_{n,n+1}$$

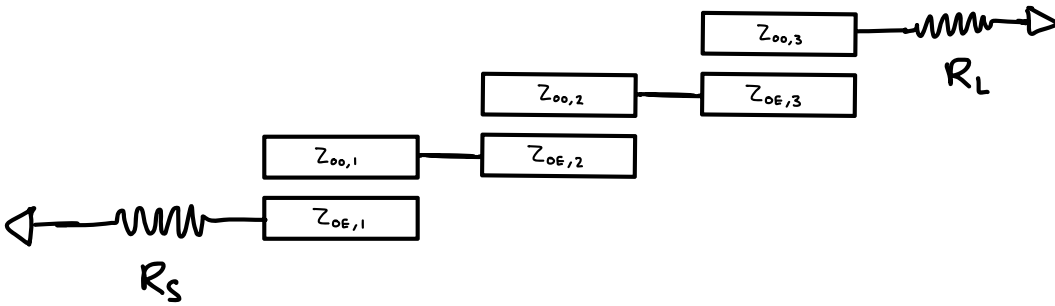
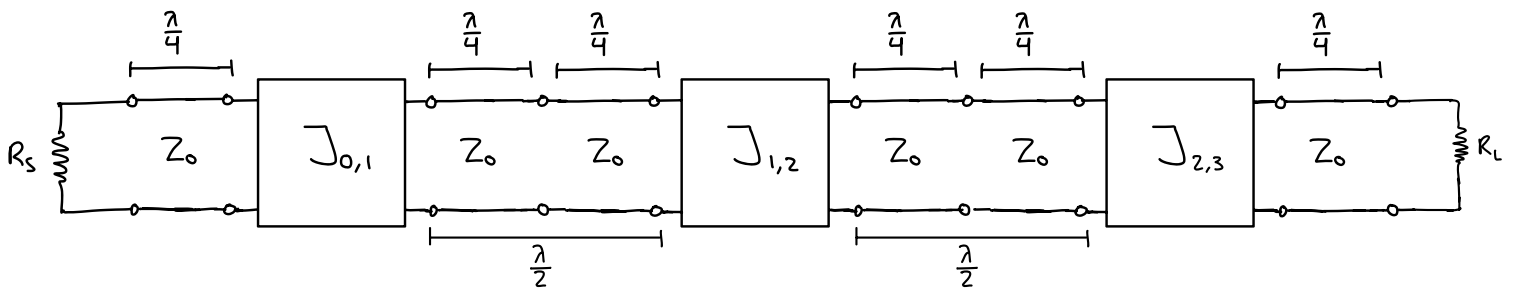
$$\Rightarrow \boxed{Z_0 J_{n,n+1} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi W}{2g_n g_{n+1}}}}$$

Remember, this is under the assumption

that  $Z_0 = R_S = R_L$

even if it's just at the terminals as inverter based structure assumes  $Z_0$  characteristic on left and right lines, and the calculation with the  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  connected line assumed a single  $Z_0$  between the 2 connected lines, and so chaining the inverter based structures propagates the shared  $Z_0$  requirement.

Step 8:



$$Z_{oe,1} = Z_0 (1 + \mathcal{J}_{0,1} Z_0 + (\mathcal{J}_{0,1} Z_0)^2) = Z_0 \left( 1 + \sqrt{\frac{\pi w}{2g_0 g_1}} + \sqrt{\frac{\pi w}{2g_0 g_1}}^2 \right)$$

$$= \boxed{Z_0 \left( 1 + \sqrt{\frac{\pi w}{2g_0 g_1}} + \frac{\pi w}{2g_0 g_1} \right) = Z_{oe,1}}$$

$$Z_{oo,1} = Z_0 (1 - \mathcal{J}_{0,1} Z_0 + (\mathcal{J}_{0,1} Z_0)^2) = Z_0 \left( 1 - \sqrt{\frac{\pi w}{2g_0 g_1}} + \sqrt{\frac{\pi w}{2g_0 g_1}}^2 \right)$$

$$= \boxed{Z_0 \left( 1 - \sqrt{\frac{\pi w}{2g_0 g_1}} + \frac{\pi w}{2g_0 g_1} \right) = Z_{oo,1}}$$

$$Z_{oe,2} = Z_0 (1 + \mathcal{J}_{1,2} Z_0 + (\mathcal{J}_{1,2} Z_0)^2) = Z_0 \left( 1 + \pi w \sqrt{\frac{1}{g_1 g_2}} + \left( \pi w \sqrt{\frac{1}{g_1 g_2}} \right)^2 \right)$$

$$= \boxed{Z_0 \left( 1 + \frac{\pi w}{\sqrt{g_1 g_2}} + \frac{\pi^2 w^2}{g_1 g_2} \right) = Z_{oe,2}}$$

$$Z_{oo,2} = Z_0 (1 - \mathcal{J}_{1,2} Z_0 + (\mathcal{J}_{1,2} Z_0)^2) = Z_0 \left( 1 - \pi w \sqrt{\frac{1}{g_1 g_2}} + \left( \pi w \sqrt{\frac{1}{g_1 g_2}} \right)^2 \right)$$

$$= \boxed{Z_0 \left( 1 - \frac{\pi w}{\sqrt{g_1 g_2}} + \frac{\pi^2 w^2}{g_1 g_2} \right) = Z_{oo,2}}$$

$$Z_{0E,3} = Z_0 (1 + \mathcal{J}_{2,3} Z_0 + (\mathcal{J}_{2,3} Z_0)^2) = Z_0 \left( 1 + \sqrt{\frac{\pi w}{2g_2 g_3}} + \sqrt{\frac{\pi w}{2g_2 g_3}}^2 \right)$$

$$= \boxed{Z_0 \left( 1 + \sqrt{\frac{\pi w}{2g_2 g_3}} + \frac{\pi w}{2g_2 g_3} \right) = Z_{0E,3}}$$

$$Z_{0O,3} = Z_0 (1 - \mathcal{J}_{2,3} Z_0 + (\mathcal{J}_{2,3} Z_0)^2) = Z_0 \left( 1 - \sqrt{\frac{\pi w}{2g_2 g_3}} + \sqrt{\frac{\pi w}{2g_2 g_3}}^2 \right)$$

$$= \boxed{Z_0 \left( 1 - \sqrt{\frac{\pi w}{2g_2 g_3}} + \frac{\pi w}{2g_2 g_3} \right) = Z_{0O,3}}$$